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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO
09/966,151	09/27/2001	Kenji Nakajima	4076	
7590 01/09/2004			EXAMINER	
Kenji Nakajima			QUAN, ELIZABETH S	
3-19-18, Mizukino, Moriyamati Kitasouma-gun,			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
JAPAN			1743	
			DATE MAILED: 01/09/2004	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	09/966,151	NAKAJIMA, KENJI				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Elizabeth Quan	1743				
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespond nce address				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, - Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).  Status	i6(a). In no event, however, may a reply be time within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days ill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	nely filed s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Responsive to communication(s) filed on						
	-· action is non-final.					
3)☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposition of Claims						
4) Claim(s) 1 is/are pending in the application.						
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6) Claim(s) is/are rejected.						
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.	Claim(s) is/are objected to.					
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	election requirement.					
Application Papers	•					
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examine	r.					
10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on <u>27 Se<i>ptember 2001</i></u> is/are: a)□ accepted or b)⊠ objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the	Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).					
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).						
11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	aminer. Note the attached Office	Action or form PTO-152.				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120						
<ul> <li>12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign</li> <li>a) All b) Some * c) None of:</li> <li>1. Certified copies of the priority documents</li> <li>2. Certified copies of the priority documents</li> </ul>	s have been received. s have been received in Applicati	on No				
3. Copies of the certified copies of the prior application from the International Bureau  * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the prior for the detailed of the prior for the prio	i (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). of the certified copies not receive	ed.				
<ul> <li>13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic since a specific reference was included in the firs 37 CFR 1.78.</li> <li>a) ☐ The translation of the foreign language pro-</li> </ul>	t sentence of the specification or	in an Application Data Sheet.				
14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic reference was included in the first sentence of the	priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 120	and/or 121 since a specific				
Attachment(s)						
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summary	(PTO-413) Paper No(s)				
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s)	5) 🔲 Notice of Informal P	atent Application (PTO-152)				

U.S. Patent and Trademark Office PTOL-326 (Rev. 11-03)



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#### **DETAILED ACTION**

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### **Priority**

1. Receipt is acknowledged of papers submitted under 35 U.S.C. 119(a)-(d), which papers have been placed of record in the file.

### Drawings

2. The drawings are objected to as failing to comply with 37 CFR 1.84(p)(5) because they include the following reference sign(s) not mentioned in the description: (5). A proposed drawing correction, corrected drawings, or amendment to the specification to add the reference sign(s) in the description, are required in reply to the Office action to avoid abandonment of the application. The objection to the drawings will not be held in abeyance.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 4. The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham* v. *John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:
  - 1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
  - 2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
  - 3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
  - 4. Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.

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5. Claim 1 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over U.S. Patent No. 5,104,812 to Kurn et al.

Claim 1 has been treated as a device claim. Kurn et al. disclose a test stick where test paper (34) is partially bonded to a water-repelling mounting paper (42), such that a gap (50) is formed between a separated portion of the test paper and the mounting paper for a test solution to flow into (col. 5, lines 4-45; col. 8, line 40-col. 9, line 42). The mounting paper, which is insoluble liquid medium, may be made of a variety of organic and inorganic materials, both natural and synthetic, and combinations thereof, such as polyethylene and polypropylene, in accordance with the statement that the mounting paper may be made of paper or plastic in the instant application (col. 5, lines 46-61).

Kurn et al. recognize that the device may be involved in conducting a variety of assays and the test paper may have certain reagents bound at predetermined sites thereon (col. 1, lines 23-25; col. 4, lines 63-68; col. 12, line 57-col. 13, line 2; col. 13, lines 31-55). Kurn et al. fail to explicitly disclose that the test paper is a pH test paper. However, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the device of Kurn et al. to use pH test paper in order to determine the pH of samples as desired or necessary.

6. Claim 1 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over U.S. Patent No. 4,582,684 to Vogel et al.

Claim 1 has been treated as a device claim. Vogel et al. disclose a test stick where test paper (14) is partially bonded to a water-repelling mounting paper (10), such that a gap (20) is formed between a separated portion of the test paper and the mounting paper for a test solution to

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flow into (fig. 1). The mounting paper, which is non-absorbent and insoluble in the fluid or sample to be evaluated, can made of glass or water-insoluble polymers (col. 3, lines 31-66).

Vogel et al. disclose that the device may be used for photo determination of a chemical component in a fluid (col. 1, lines 5-17). Vogel et al. fail to explicitly disclose that the test paper is a pH test paper. However, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the device of Vogel et al. to use pH test paper to determine/identify chemical components by pH since it is very well known in the art.

7. Claim 1 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over U.S. Patent No. 4,839,297 to Freitag et al.

Claim 1 has been treated as a device claim. Freitag et al. disclose a test stick where test paper (13) is partially bonded to a water-repelling mounting paper (2), such that a gap is formed between a separated portion of the test paper and the mounting paper for a test solution to flow into (figs. 1-5).

Frietag et al. disclose that the device may be used for analytical determination of a component of a body fluid (col. 1, lines 6-12). Frietag et al. further disclose that the test paper reacts with the sample to produce a detection signal, especially color change (col. 6, lines 25-33). Freitag et al. fail to explicitly disclose that the test paper is a pH test paper. However, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the device of Frietag et al. to use color changing pH test paper to determine/identify chemical components by pH since it is very well known in the art.

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### Conclusion

8. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. They include one or more limitations in the claims.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Elizabeth Quan whose telephone number is (703) 305-1947. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F (8:00-4:30).

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Jill Warden can be reached on (703) 308-4037. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is (703) 872-9306.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 308-0661.

Elizabeth Quan Examiner Art Unit 1743

eq

Jill Warden
Supervisory Patent Examiner
Technology Center 1700